BEFORE THE 1 POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD STATE OF WASHINGTON 2 IN THE MATTER OF 3 GENERAL METALS OF TACOMA, INC. 4 PCHB No. 1006 Appellant, 5 FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, ν. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER. 6 PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION 7 CONTROL AGENCY Respondent. 8

This matter, the appeal of a \$250.00 Civil Penalty for allegedly causing or allowing an unlawful outdoor fire in violation of Respondent's Regulation 1, came on for formal hearing before the Pollution Control Hearings Board, Chris Smith, Chairman, W. A. Gissberg and Art Brown, in Lacey, Washington, on August 24, 1976. Ellen D. Peterson presided.

Martin H. Brashem, Vice President of Appellant General Metals of Tacoma, Inc. appeared pro se; Respondent Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency appeared through its attorney Keith D. McGoffin.

From testimony heard and exhibits examined, the Pollution

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Control Hearings Board makes these

## FINDINGS OF FACT

I.

Pursuant to RCW 43.21B.260, Respondent filed its Regulation 1 with the Pollution Control Hearings Board and official notice thereof is hereby taken.

II.

On March 23, 1976, a Puget Sound Air Pollution Control inspector observed dense black smoke emanating from the hull of a ship at the General Metals yard on the Tacoma tideflats, 1902 Marine View Drive, Tacoma, Washington. Three or four men were observed attempting to extinguish the fire caused by the accidental igniting of residual oil in the ship's hull. Though the plume from the fire was visible for at least thirty continuous minutes, the Tacoma Fire Department was not called to aid in extinguishing the fire. Nor did Appellant promptly call the Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency. It was PSAPCA's testimony that a call promptly made might have exculpated Appellant from liability pursuant to Section 9.16 of Regulation 1.1

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT,

5 F No 9928-A

<sup>1.</sup> The Board notes that Sec. 9.16 applies specifically to emissions If it is PSAPCA's intent that its provisions be applicable to open burnin situations, such intent should be clearly articulated in the Regulation itself.

Section 9.16. Emissions exceeding any of the limits established by this Regulation as a direct result of start-ups, periodic shutdown, or unavoidable and unforeseeable failure or breakdown, or unavoidable and unforeseeable upset or breakdown of process equipment or control apparatu shall not be deemed in violation provided the following requirements are met: 1) The owner or operator of such process or equipment shall immediately notify the Agency of such occurrence, together with the pertinent facts relating thereto regarding nature of problem as well as time, date, duration and anticipated influence on emissions from the source. 2) The owner or operator shall, upon the request of the Cont Officer, submit a full report including the known causes and the preventive measures to be taken to minimize or eliminate a re-occurrence.

III.

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A Notice and Order of Civil Penalty in the amount of \$250.00 was assessed against Appellant for violation of Section 8.02(1) of Regulation 1, which prohibits outdoor fires in any area where the Board has prohibited outdoor burning under Section 11.01; such areas as defined by the Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency Board include the Tacoma tideflats and Appellant's site.

IV.

Appellant's representative, Mr. Brashem, testified that the activity which Appellant's employees were engaged in when the fire occurred, i.e., the dismantling of a ship, is a "high risk business." Burning torches, etc. are utilized which inevitably result in occasional accidental fires.

Mr. Brashem further testified that the fire fighting equipment which Appellant was relying on at the time of the cited accident consisted of an undetermined number of fire extinguishers and water hoses.

v.

Any Conclusion of Law hereinafter stated which may be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I.

Appellant violated Section 8.02(1) of Respondent's Regulation 1.

II.

While Appellant's employees apparently made every effort to control the fire once it began, the emission of dense black smoke for FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER - 3

a period exceeding thirty minutes is persuasive to the Board that Appellant failed to have on hand adequate, protective fire fighting 2 equipment to bring to bear on such predictable though accidental fires. 3 III. 4 Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law 5 is hereby adopted as such. 6 THEREFORE, the Board enters this 7 ORDER 8 The imposition of the \$250.00 penalty by the Puget Sound Air 9 Pollution Control Agency is affirmed. 10 DATED this 4th day of September, 1976. 11 POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD 12 13 CHRIS SMITH 14 15 GISSBERG W. A. 16 17 ART BROWN 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT,

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER - 4